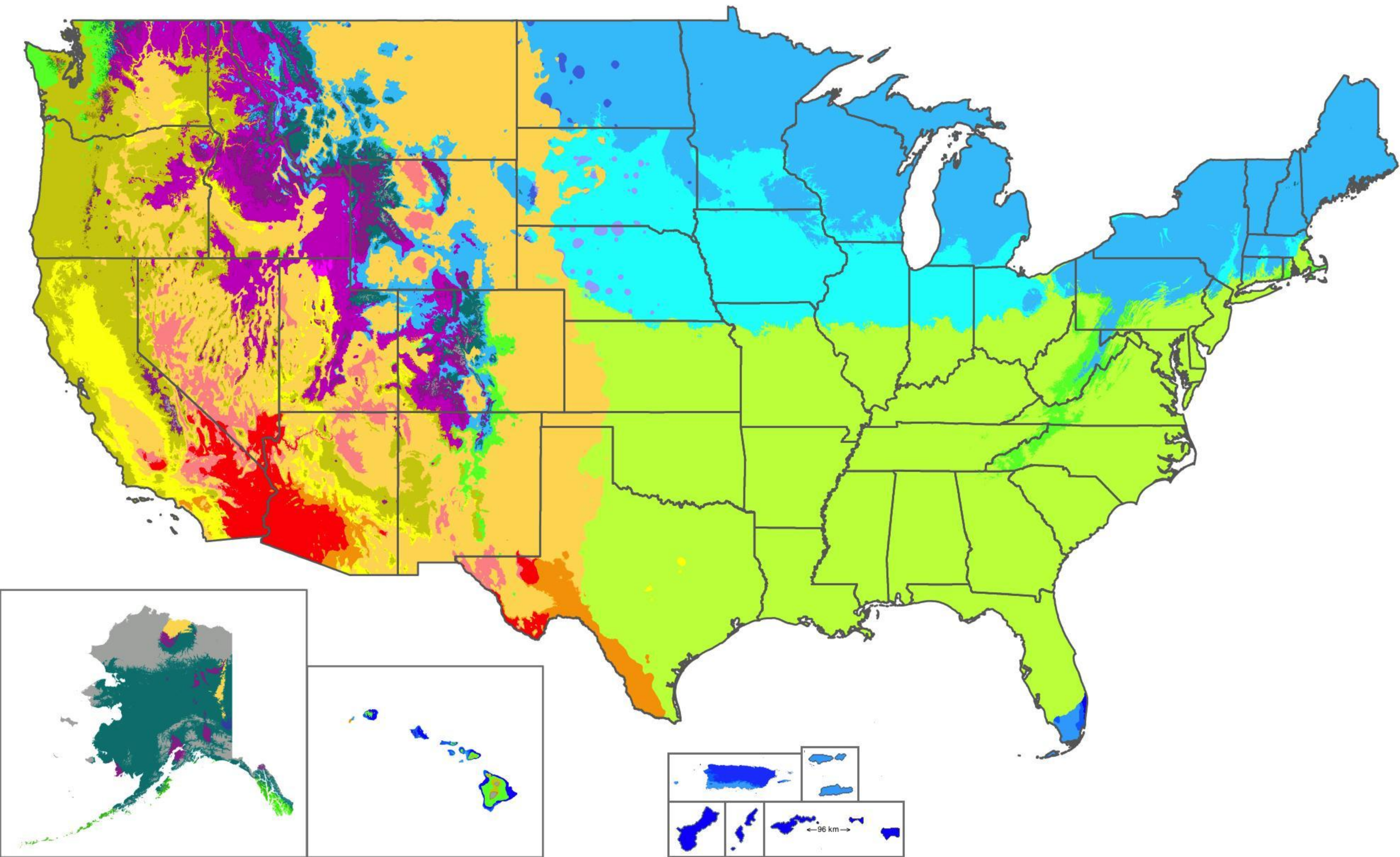



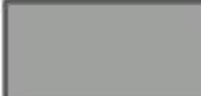
























Köppen climate types of the United States



Köppen climate type

 EF (Ice-cap)	 Dsb (Warm-summer mediterranean continental)	 Csa (Hot-summer mediterranean)
 ET (Tundra)	 Dsa (Hot-summer mediterranean continental)	 BSk (Cold semi-arid)
 Dfc (Subarctic)	 Cfc (Subpolar oceanic)	 BSh (Hot semi-arid)
 Dfb (Warm-summer humid continental)	 Cfb (Oceanic)	 BWk (Cold desert)
 Dfa (Hot-summer humid continental)	 Cfa (Humid subtropical)	 BWh (Hot desert)
 Dwc (Subarctic)	 Cwb (Subtropical highland)	 Aw (Savanna)
 Dwb (Warm-summer humid continental)	 Cwa (Humid subtropical)	 Am (Monsoon)
 Dwa (Hot-summer humid continental)	 Csc (Cold-summer mediterranean)	 Af (Rainforest)
 Dsc (Dry-summer subarctic)	 Csb (Warm-summer mediterranean)	

*Isotherm used to distinguish temperate (C) and continental (D) climates is -3°C

Data sources: Köppen types calculated from data from PRISM Climate Group, Oregon State University, <http://prism.oregonstate.edu>;
Outline map from US Census Bureau